1	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	FOR THE DISTRICT OF RHODE ISLAND
3	FOR THE DISTRICT OF RHODE ISLAND
4	* * * * * * * * * * * * * *
5	* C. A. NO. 01-47
6	1N RE:
7	* DECEMBER 9, 2004 SPECIAL PROCEEDING *
8	* 10:00 A. M. * PROVI DENCE, RI * * * * * * * * * * * * *
9	
10	BEFORE THE HONORABLE ERNEST C. TORRES
11	CHI EF DI STRI CT JUDGE
12	(SENTENCING HEARING EXCERPT)
13	ADDEADANCES.
14	APPEARANCES:
15	SPECIAL PROSECUTOR: DESISTO LAW OFFICES BY: MARC DESISTO, ESQUIRE
16	BY: JOAN MCPHEE, ESQUIRE 211 ANGELL STREET
17	PROVI DENCE, RI 02903
18	FOR MR. TARLGANI RINGHAM MOGNECHEN LLR
19	FOR MR. TARICANI: BINGHAM MCCUTCHEN, LLP BY: MARTIN MURPHY, ESQUIRE ONE FINANCIAL CENTER
20	BOSTON, MA 02110
21	- AND- EDWARDS & ANGELL
22	BY: DEMING SHERMAN, ESQUIRE ONE FINANCIAL CENTER PROVIDENCE PL 02002
23	PROVIDENCE, RI 02903 - AND- SUSAN MELNER ESQUIDE
24	SUSAN WEINER, ESQUIRE NBC, INC.
25	30 ROCKEFELLER PLAZA 10TH FLOOR EAST NEW YORK, NY 10112

- 9 DECEMBER 2004 3:40 P.M SENTENCING EXCERPT
- 2 THE COURT: AS I'VE SAID FROM THE BEGINNING OF
- 3 THIS PROCEEDING, I THINK THERE'S SOME VERY IMPORTANT
- 4 ISSUES RAISED IN THIS CASE, AND I THINK IT'S IMPORTANT
- 5 THAT THE PUBLIC UNDERSTAND ACCURATELY WHAT THOSE ISSUES
- 6 ARE AND WHAT THE FACTS OF THIS CASE ARE, AND BECAUSE OF
- 7 THAT, I HAVE BEEN POSTING THE COURT'S DECISIONS ON THE
- 8 COURT'S WEBSITE. SO THAT ANYONE WHO IS INTERESTED MAY
- 9 REFER TO IT. I THINK THAT HELPS, HOPEFULLY, REPORTERS
- 10 WHO HAVE A DIFFICULT JOB OF TRYING TO TAKE NOTES AND
- 11 WATCH WHAT'S GOING ON AT THE SAME TIME, AND I THINK IT
- 12 HELPS MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC WHO MAY WANT TO GET THE
- OTHER SIDE OF THE STORY SOMETIMES. AND I'M GOING TO DO
- 14 THAT WITH THIS, THE DECISION I'M ABOUT TO GIVE HERE.
- 15 IT WILL BE POSTED, UNFORTUNATELY BECAUSE OF THE HOUR,
- 16 IT'S NOT GOING TO BE AVAILABLE TODAY, BUT THE COURT
- 17 REPORTER WILL POST THE TRANSCRIPT OF MY DECISION
- 18 TOMORROW MORNING, AND THOSE OF YOU IN THE MEDIA WHO ARE
- 19 TRULY INTERESTED IN SEEING THAT YOUR VIEWERS.
- 20 LISTENERS, AND READERS ARE FULLY INFORMED WITH RESPECT
- TO ALL OF THE FACTS AND ALL OF THE ISSUES ON BOTH SIDES
- OF THE ISSUES, I WOULD ENCOURAGE AND INVITE YOU TO LET
- 23 YOUR READERS, VIEWERS AND LISTENERS KNOW THAT THEY CAN
- GET ACCESS TO THE DECISION AT WWW. RID. USCOURTS. GOV.
- 25 ALL YOU HAVE TO DO IS GO TO THE WEBSITE, GO TO THE

- 1 BULLETIN BOARD, AND ALL OF THE DECISIONS RENDERED IN
- 2 THIS CASE, WHICH IS UNDER THE HEADING "SPECIAL
- 3 PROCEEDINGS" ARE THERE IN THEIR ENTIRETY FOR ANYONE TO
- 4 READ.

5	AND I THINK THAT'S IMPORTANT, BECAUSE BASED ON
6	WHAT I HAVE SEEN AND HEARD, THE ISSUES IN THIS CASE
7	HAVE BEEN OBSCURED AND DISTORTED BY A NUMBER OF MYTHS
8	THAT HAVE BEEN CREATED BY SPIN AND MEDIA HYPE, AND I'M
9	GOING TO TAKE A FEW MOMENTS NOW TO ADDRESS THESE MYTHS
10	AND ATTEMPT TO DISPEL THEM ORDINARILY I DON'T DO
11	THIS, I WON'T SAY MUCH, USUALLY, AT SENTENCINGS, BUT
12	I'M GOING TO MAKE AN EXCEPTION IN THIS CASE.
13	THERE ARE FIVE MYTHS BASICALLY THAT HAVE BEEN
14	PROPAGATED IN THIS CASE. I'M VERY AWARE OF THE ADVICE
15	THAT I THINK WAS GIVEN, I BELIEVE IT WAS BY FORMER
16	MAYOR CIANCI, IRONICALLY ENOUGH, WHO SAYS, "YOU SHOULD
17	NEVER ARGUE WITH ANYONE WHO BUYS INK BY THE BARREL, "
18	AND I THINK HE SHOULD ALSO AGREE, OR ANYONE WHO OWNS A
19	T. V. OR RADIO STATION, AND THAT'S GENERALLY GOOD
20	ADVICE, BUT THERE ARE TIMES WHEN ONE HAS TO ARGUE WITH
21	PEOPLE WHO OWN STATIONS AND BUY INK BY THE BARREL. AND
22	IN THIS CASE I THINK I HAVE AN OBLIGATION TO TRY TO
23	STATE THE CASE, MAYBE I HAVEN'T STATED IT WELL ENOUGH
24	IN THE PAST, SO THAT PEOPLE TRULY UNDERSTAND THE REAL
25	I SSUES.

1 THE FIRST MYTH IS THE MYTH THAT THE PROMISE OF 2 CONFIDENTIALITY THAT WAS MADE IN THIS CASE ENABLED MR. TARICANI TO UNCOVER CORRUPTION IN CITY HALL THAT 3 OTHERWISE WOULD HAVE GONE UNPUNISHED OR THE PUBLIC 4 WOULDN'T HAVE KNOWN ABOUT. AND IT IS VERY CLEAR THAT 5 6 IN THIS CASE NEITHER THE SOURCE NOR MR. TARICANI UNCOVERED ANY EVIDENCE OF CORRUPTION. THE TAPE THAT 7 WAS BROADCAST ON CHANNEL 10 WAS MADE BY THE FBI, NOT BY 8

Page 3

- 9 THE SOURCE, NOT BY MR. TARICANI. THE TAPE WAS ALSO KEY
 10 EVIDENCE IN THE PROSECUTION THAT ALREADY WAS WELL
- 11 UNDERWAY. MR. CORRENTE AND SEVERAL OTHER DEFENDANTS
- 12 ALREADY HAD BEEN INDICTED AND WERE SCHEDULED FOR TRIAL
- 13 IN ABOUT TWO MONTHS FROM THE TIME THAT THE TAPE WAS
- 14 OBTAINED. NOW THAT TRIAL, IT'S TRUE, WAS LATER
- 15 POSTPONED.
- AT THE SAME TIME, THE GRAND JURY WAS CONTINUING
- 17 ITS INVESTIGATION OF MAYOR CIANCI, THAT INVESTIGATION
- 18 WAS NEARING ITS COMPLETION. AND THE TAPE WAS GOING TO
- 19 BE PLAYED AT THE UPCOMING TRIAL, AND MR. TARICANI,
- 20 HIMSELF, ACKNOWLEDGES KNOWING THIS. TO THE EXTENT THAT
- 21 THE PROMISE OF CONFIDENTIALITY ENABLED MR. TARICANI TO
- 22 OBTAIN THE TAPE, ALL THAT IT ACCOMPLISHED BESIDES
- 23 CREATING THIS SAD STATE OF AFFAIRS IN WHICH WE FIND
- OURSELVES TODAY, WAS TO PROVIDE MR. TARICANI AND HIS
- 25 STATION WITH A SCOOP DURING SWEEPS WEEK, AND THERE'S

- 1 NOTHING WRONG WITH THAT, THERE'S NOTHING WRONG WITH
- 2 GETTING A SCOOP, AS MR. TARICANI SAID. IT PROVIDED A
- 3 SCOOP DURING SWEEPS WEEK BY GIVING VIEWERS A PREVIEW OF
- 4 EVIDENCE THAT SOON WOULD BE PRESENTED AT THE UPCOMING
- 5 TRIAL.
- 6 BUT AT THE SAME TIME, IT DID SO AT THE COST OF
- 7 THREATENING TO COMPROMISE THE ONGOING GRAND JURY
- 8 INVESTIGATION AND THREATENING TO DEPRIVE THE DEFENDANTS
- 9 OF THEIR CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO A FAIR TRIAL BY
- 10 POISONING THE PROSPECTIVE JURY POOL.
- 11 NOW, IT'S TRUE THAT THE CORRENTE TRIAL THEN HAD
- 12 BEEN POSTPONED, BUT EVIDENCE LIKE WAS ON THIS TAPE

13	WOULD BE AWFULLY HARD TO ERASE FROM THE MINDS OF
14	PROSPECTIVE JURORS, I THINK.
15	I WISH I COULD BELIEVE THAT THE TWO- TO
16	THREE-MONTH DELAY BETWEEN THE TIME THAT THE TAPE WAS
17	OBTAINED AND THE TIME THE TAPE WAS AIRED HAD NOTHING TO
18	DO WITH THIS, BUT IT SEEMS TO ME TOO COINCIDENTAL THAT
19	THE TAPE WAS AIRED DURING SWEEPS WEEK.
20	THE STATED CONCERN FOR NOT JEOPARDIZING
21	MR. CORRENTE'S RIGHTS WHICH WAS THE PROFFERED
22	EXPLANATION FOR THE DELAY, DOESN'T SEEM TO SQUARE WITH
23	THE DECISION TO AIR IT ANYWAY, EVEN THOUGH IT WAS
24	SOMETIME BEFORE THE POSTPONE DATE FOR THE TRIAL. AND
25	THAT'S ESPECIALLY TRUE SINCE THE TAPE CONTAINED NOTHING

THAT THE PUBLIC EVENTUALLY WOULDN'T BE ABLE TO SEE, 1 BECAUSE IT WAS GOING TO BE PLAYED AT THE TRIAL. 2 3 THE SECOND MYTH IN THIS CASE IS THE MYTH THAT REQUIRING DISCLOSURE OF MR. TARICANI'S SOURCE IN THIS 4 CASE WILL DETER FUTURE SOURCES FROM COMING FORWARD WITH 5 6 INFORMATION THAT THE PUBLIC OUGHT TO KNOW AND WILL CHILL REPORTERS FROM USING CONFIDENTIAL SOURCES. 7 8 FIRST, THAT CLAIM GREATLY DISTORTS THE PRINCIPAL ISSUE IN THIS CASE. THE ISSUE IN THIS CASE IS NOT WHETHER 9 10 THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF A REPORTER'S SOURCE EVER MAY BE COURTS HAVE CONSISTENTLY SAID THAT THERE 11 PROTECTED. 12 ARE CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH A REPORTER SHOULD NOT BE REQUIRED TO REVEAL THE IDENTITY OF THE SOURCE. 13 ISSUE IN THIS CASE IS WHETHER A REPORTER HAS A RIGHT TO 14 CONCEAL THE IDENTITY OF A SOURCE WHO COMMITTED A 15 CRIMINAL ACT IN PROVIDING MATERIAL TO THE REPORTER, 16

18	THE REPORTER KNEW AT THE TIME THAT THE SOURCE WAS
19	ACTING UNLAWFULLY AND ACTUALLY ENCOURAGED THE SOURCE BY
20	MAKING A PROMISE OF CONFIDENTIALITY AND AIDED AND
21	ABETTED THE SOURCE BY PUBLISHING OR AIRING THE TAPE
22	WITH THAT KNOWLEDGE. NOW, IT MAY BE THAT REQUIRING A
23	REPORTER TO IDENTIFY THE, PRESUMABLY AND HOPEFULLY,
24	RARE SOURCE WHO VIOLATES THE LAW IN PROVIDING
25	INFORMATION TO A REPORTER, MAY MAKE IT SLIGHTLY MORE
	7
1	DIFFICULT FOR A REPORTER TO DO HIS JOB OF GATHERING AND
2	DISSEMINATING WHAT THE REPORTER VIEWS AS NEWS. BUT A
3	REPORTER'S JOB ALSO IS MADE MORE DIFFICULT BY LAWS THAT
4	PROHIBITED REPORTERS, LIKE ANYONE ELSE, FROM BREAKING
5	INTO PEOPLE'S HOMES IN ORDER TO OBTAIN NEWSWORTHY
6	DOCUMENTS OR ILLEGALLY TAPPING PEOPLE'S TELEPHONES IN
7	ORDER TO OBTAIN EVIDENCE OF PUBLIC CORRUPTION OR ANY
8	OTHER NEWSWORTHY INFORMATION. AND I HOPE THAT WE CAN
9	ALL AGREE THAT REPORTERS HAVE NO PRIVILEGE TO ENGAGE IN
10	SUCH CONDUCT UNDER THE FIRST AMENDMENT, AND IT'S
11	DIFFICULT TO JUSTIFY OR SEE HOW ONE CAN JUSTIFY ANY
12	SUCH PRIVILEGE ON THE PART OF A REPORTER TO ENCOURAGE
13	OR ASSIST OTHERS IN ENGAGING IN THAT KIND OF CONDUCT.
14	SUCH DIFFICULTIES IN PERFORMING ONE'S JOB, THE
15	DIFFICULTIES OF COMPLYING WITH LEGAL CONSTRAINTS, ARE

ESPECIALLY WHEN, AS APPEARS TO BE THE CASE HERE, THAT

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19 IF SOMEONE VIOLATES THE LAW BY REVEALING TO A
20 REPORTER THE IDENTITY OF AN UNDERCOVER INTELLIGENCE OR
Page 6

THE PRICE THAT WE PAY FOR LIVING IN THE SOCIETY

SMALL PRICE TO PAY.

GOVERNED BY THE RULE OF LAW, AND I SUGGEST THAT IT'S A

23	OTHERS TEMPTED TO DO THE SAME OUGHT TO BE DETERRED AND
24	A REPORTER UNDER THOSE CIRCUMSTANCE SHOULD HAVE NO
25	RIGHT TO CONCEAL THE IDENTITY OF THAT PERSON.
	8
1	SIMILARLY, IF AS IN THIS CASE, THE SOURCE VIOLATES THE
2	LAW BY PROVIDING THE REPORTER WITH TAPES, PUBLICATION
3	OF WHICH THREATEN TO COMPROMISE A GRAND JURY
4	INVESTIGATION OF SERIOUS CRIME OR TO DEPRIVE DEFENDANTS
5	ACCUSED OF THOSE CRIMES OF THEIR CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT
6	TO A FAIR TRIAL, THAT PERSON OUGHT TO BE PUNISHED AND
7	OTHERS TEMPTED TO DO THE SAME OUGHT TO BE DETERRED, AND
8	A REPORTER HAS NO RIGHT TO CONCEAL THE IDENTITY OF THAT
9	PERSON.
10	AND I WOULD SUBMIT THAT A REPORTER SHOULD BE
11	CHILLED FROM VIOLATING THE LAW IN ORDER TO GET A STORY,
12	AND I'M NOT SAYING THAT MR. TARICANI DID THAT HERE,
13	FROM MAKING ILL-ADVISED PROMISES OF CONFIDENTIALITY
14	THAT ENCOURAGE OTHERS TO DO SO, AND FROM AIDING AND
15	ABETTING THEM THE SOURCE SHOULD BE CHILLED FROM
16	ENGAGING IN THAT KIND OF CONDUCT, AND I THINK IT'S
17	PROPER IN THOSE CIRCUMSTANCE, TO CHILL THE REPORTER
18	FROM ASSISTING OR ENCOURAGING THAT KIND OF CONDUCT.
19	THE FACT THAT A REPORTER MAY HAVE MADE WHAT
20	TURNS OUT TO HAVE BEEN RECKLESS OR ILL-ADVISED PROMISE
21	OF CONFIDENTIALITY MAY CREATE A DILEMMA FOR THE
22	REPORTER, BUT IT DOESN'T PROVIDE ANY LEGAL
23	JUSTIFICATION FOR CONCEALING THE PERPETRATOR'S
24	IDENTITY. THAT'S AN ISSUE THAT THE REPORTER OUGHT TO Page 7

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER, THEREBY JUSTIFYING THE

OFFICER'S LIFE, THAT PERSON OUGHT TO BE PUNISHED AND

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PROMI SE.

2	THE THIRD MYTH IS THE MYTH THAT MR. TARICANI IS
3	BEING PUNISHED FOR JUST DOING HIS JOB. THERE IS NO
4	QUESTION THAT A REPORTER'S JOB IS A VERY IMPORTANT AND
5	HONORABLE JOB, BUT THIS IS STILL A MYTH UNLESS ONE
6	DEFINES A REPORTER'S JOB BY GATHERING NEWS OBTAINED BY
7	OTHERS BY ILLEGAL MEANS AND EVEN ENCOURAGING AND
8	ASSISTING OTHERS IN DOING SO, AND THEN CONCEALING THE
9	IDENTITY OF THE INDIVIDUAL WHO VIOLATED THE LAW IN
10	ORDER TO PROVIDE THE INFORMATION.
11	MR. TARICANI WAS NOT FOUND GUILTY OF CRIMINAL
12	CONTEMPT IN THIS CASE FOR AIRING THIS TAPE. WHAT HE
13	WAS FOUND GUILTY OF CONTEMPT FOR WAS REFUSING TO COMPLY
14	WITH A LAWFUL COURT ORDER THAT HE HAD THE OPPORTUNITY
15	TO APPEAL, AND IT WAS AFFIRMED ON APPEAL, THAT DIRECTED
16	HIM TO IDENTIFY THE PERSON WHO COMMITTED THE UNLAWFUL
17	ACT THAT THREATENED TO DEPRIVE VARIOUS DEFENDANTS OF
18	THEIR CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO A FAIR TRIAL, WHICH IS
19	THE VERY HEART OF OUR CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, AND THAT
20	SHOULD BE OF CONCERN TO EVERYONE, INCLUDING REPORTERS.
21	IT'S VERY DISTURBING TO HEAR THOUGHTFUL PEOPLE
22	IN POSITIONS OF RESPONSIBILITY SAY THAT IT DOESN'T
23	MATTER THAT THE SOURCE'S CONDUCT THREATENED TO DEPRIVE
24	THE DEFENDANTS OF THEIR RIGHT TO A FAIR TRIAL, BECAUSE
25	AS THINGS TURNED OUT, THE DEFENDANTS APPARENTLY DID GET

- 1 A FAIR TRIAL. AS I HAVE SAID BEFORE. IF AN INDIVIDUAL
- 2 ATTEMPTS TO COMMIT A MURDER AND THAT INDIVIDUAL IS THEN
- 3 APPREHENDED, WE DON'T EXCUSE THE ATTEMPT ON THE GROUND
- 4 THAT THE ATTEMPT WAS UNSUCCESSFUL.
- 5 IN THIS CASE, MR. TARICANI IS NOT BEING PUNISHED
- 6 FOR JUST DOING HIS JOB, BECAUSE IF THE SOURCE HAD
- 7 PROVIDED THE TAPE LAWFULLY, WE WOULDN'T BE HERE,
- 8 REGARDLESS OF HOW I RRESPONSIBLE THE COURT MIGHT HAVE
- 9 THOUGHT THAT IT WAS TO AIR THIS TAPE BEFORE
- 10 MR. CORRENTE'S TRIAL AND WHILE THE GRAND JURY WAS
- 11 INVESTIGATING THE CASE AGAINST THE MAYOR. AS I SAID
- 12 EARLIER THIS MORNING, AIRING THE TAPE UNDER THOSE
- 13 CIRCUMSTANCES WOULD BE PROTECTED BY THE FIRST
- AMENDMENT, AND THE IDENTITY OF MR. TARICANI'S SOURCE
- 15 WOULD NOT BE AN ISSUE HERE.
- THE FINAL TWO MYTHS ARE, PERHAPS, THE MOST
- 17 TROUBLING BECAUSE THEY DISPLAY WHAT, IN MY VIEW AT
- 18 LEAST, IS EITHER A COMPLETE MISUNDERSTANDING OF SOME OF
- 19 THE MOST FUNDAMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF OUR CONSTITUTION AND
- 20 CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM, OR AN ATTEMPT TO SPIN THIS
- 21 MATTER IN A WAY THAT DISTORTS THOSE PRINCIPLES, AND I
- 22 DON'T KNOW WHICH OF THOSE WOULD BE OF MORE CONCERN.
- 23 THE FOURTH MYTH IS THAT EVERY REPORTER HAS AN
- ABSOLUTE RIGHT TO BE THE SOLE ARBITER OF WHETHER AND
- 25 UNDER WHAT CIRCUMSTANCES THE IDENTITY OF THE SOURCE

- 1 SHOULD REMAIN CONFIDENTIAL NO MATTER WHAT THE LAW OR
- 2 THE COURT MAY SAY. NOW, THIS MYTH HAS NOT BEEN
- 3 PROPAGATED IN THOSE TERMS, THE OTHERS HAVE BEEN, PRETTY

- 4 MUCH. THIS MYTH HAS NOT BEEN PROPAGATED IN THOSE
- 5 TERMS. ON THE CONTRARY, SINCE MR. TARICANI AND HIS
- 6 ADVOCATES, AND I'M NOT REFERRING TO COUNSEL HERE, I'M
- 7 REFERRING TO HIS COLLEAGUES, OR SOME OF HIS COLLEAGUES,
- 8 SINCE THEY APPARENTLY RECOGNIZE THAT THAT PROPOSITION
- 9 IS COMPLETELY INDEFENSIBLE, IT HAS BEEN DISCLAIMED.
- 10 THEY PURPORT TO RECOGNIZE THAT THERE MAY BE
- 11 CIRCUMSTANCES UNDER WHICH A REPORTER SHOULD REVEAL THE
- 12 I DENTITY OF THE SOURCE, AND THEY SUGGEST OR IMPLY THAT
- 13 THOSE CIRCUMSTANCES MIGHT INCLUDE CASES IN WHICH
- 14 NATIONAL SECURITY IS INVOLVED OR LIVES ARE AT STAKE.
- 15 BUT THAT DOESN'T ALTER THE FACT THAT WHAT THEY ARE
- 16 REALLY CLAIMING IS THAT A REPORTER HAS A RIGHT TO
- 17 UNILATERALLY DECIDE WHAT THOSE CIRCUMSTANCES ARE.
- 18 THEY CONCEDE THAT THOSE CIRCUMSTANCES MIGHT
- 19 INCLUDE CASES, AS I'VE SAID, IN WHICH NATIONAL SECURITY
- 20 IS INVOLVED OR LIVES ARE AT STAKE, BUT THEY CLAIM TO BE
- 21 THE SOLE ARBITER OF WHEN THOSE CIRCUMSTANCES EXIST.
- 22 AND APPARENTLY SOME OF THEIR COLLEAGUES DO NOT BELIEVE
- 23 THAT NATIONAL SECURITY WAS INVOLVED OR LIVES WERE AT
- 24 STAKE IN THE VALERIE PLAME CASE, FOR EXAMPLE, WHERE IT
- 25 WAS ALLEGED THAT THE LIFE OF AN UNDERCOVER CIA AGENT

- 1 WAS THREATENED WHEN A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE ILLEGALLY
- 2 REVEALED HER IDENTITY TO REPORTERS AS A MEANS OF
- 3 GETTING BACK AT HER HUSBAND. AND, OBVIOUSLY, AS THIS
- 4 CASE DEMONSTRATES, THEY DO NOT BELIEVE THAT PUNISHING
- 5 AND DETERRING CRIMINAL ACTS THAT THREATEN THE
- 6 FUNDAMENTAL CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS OF OTHERS PROVIDE A
- 7 SUFFICIENT REASON FOR REVEALING THE IDENTITY OF A

- 8 SOURCE. AND I THINK THAT PROVIDES AN APT ILLUSTRATION
- 9 OF WHY IT IS CONTRARY TO THE PUBLIC INTEREST TO VEST
- 10 SUCH EXCLUSIVE AND UNREVIEWABLE AUTHORITY IN INDIVIDUAL
- 11 REPORTERS. OUR SYSTEM OF CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT
- 12 ULTIMATELY VESTS THAT AUTHORITY IN THE COURTS, JUST AS
- 13 IT DOES WITH EVERY OTHER LEGAL ISSUE OF PUBLIC
- 14 IMPORTANCE. DESPITE THE GREAT RESPECT THAT I HAVE FOR
- 15 THOSE MANY REPORTERS WHO CONSCIENTIOUSLY SEEK TO GATHER
- 16 THE NEWS AND REPORT IT FAIRLY AND ACCURATELY, IT IS NOT
- 17 AND SHOULD NOT BE UP TO INDIVIDUAL REPORTERS TO MAKE
- 18 THE ULTIMATE DECISION IN CASES WHERE IT BECOMES AN
- 19 ISSUE FOR A NUMBER OF REASONS; ONE IS THAT NOT ALL
- 20 REPORTERS LIVE UP TO THOSE STANDARDS. FORTUNATELY,
- 21 MOST DO, BUT THERE'S SOME WHO DON'T. AND IF THE
- 22 ULTIMATE DECISION IS MADE BY EACH INDIVIDUAL REPORTER.
- WE WOULD HAVE AS MANY STANDARDS AS THERE ARE REPORTERS.
- 24 ALSO. IT'S A BAD IDEA BECAUSE REPORTERS ARE REQUIRED TO
- 25 ACT ON THE SPUR OF THE MOMENT, THEY'RE UNDER

- 1 COMPETITIVE PRESSURE TO GET A STORY OR A SCOOP, AND
- 2 THEY MIGHT NOT KNOW ALL OF THE RELEVANT FACTS. IT
- 3 DEFIES LOGIC AND COMMON SENSE, AS WELL THE LAW, TO SAY
- 4 THAT A PROMISE OF CONFIDENTIALITY MADE UNDER SUCH
- 5 CIRCUMSTANCES SHOULD BE ABSOLUTE AND UNREVIEWABLE BY A
- 6 COURT OR ANYONE ELSE. IN CASES WHERE THE ISSUE ARISES,
- 7 THE QUESTION OF CONFIDENTIALITY IS ONE THAT MUST BE
- 8 REVIEWABLE BY A COURT. THE COURT IS IN THE POSITION TO
- 9 HEAR ALL OF THE FACTS. THE COURT IS IN A POSITION TO
- 10 DETERMINE THE APPLICABLE LAW AND TO BALANCE ANY
- 11 COMPETING PUBLIC INTERESTS THAT WOULD BE IMPLICATED BY

12	DISCLOSURE VERSUS NONDISCLOSURE. AND A COURT'S
13	DECISION IS REVIEWABLE, IN TURN, BY A HIGHER COURT.
14	SO JUST AS I AM ILL-EQUIPPED TO GATHER AND
15	REPORT THE NEWS, SO IS AN INDIVIDUAL REPORTER
16	ILL-EQUIPPED TO MAKE THE ULTIMATE DECISION AS TO
17	WHETHER A SOURCE IS ENTITLED TO ANONYMITY, ESPECIALLY
18	WHERE, AS HERE, THE SOURCE COMMITTED A CRIMINAL ACT.
19	I WANT TO MAKE IT CLEAR THAT I'M NOT SAYING OR
20	SUGGESTING THAT IT IS NEVER APPROPRIATE TO ACCORD
21	CONFIDENTIALITY TO A REPORTER'S SOURCE. I THINK I'VE
22	SAID THAT COURTS HAVE CONSISTENTLY SAID THAT THERE ARE
23	CASES WHERE THAT IS APPROPRIATE. THE ISSUE HERE IS WHO
24	DECIDES THAT AND UNDER WHAT CIRCUMSTANCE.
25	THE FIFTH MYTH OR LAST MYTH IS THE MYTH THAT
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ASSAULT ON THE FIRST AMENDMENT, AND THAT IS, PERHAPS, 2 THE BIGGEST AND MOST MISLEADING MYTH OF ALL. 3 THE FIRST AMENDMENT PROTECTS THE RIGHT OF 4 REPORTERS AND THOSE WHO OWN MEDIA OUTLETS OR 5 NEWSPAPERS. TO PUBLISH WHAT THEY CHOOSE TO PUBLISH 6 7 WITHOUT CENSORSHIP BY THE GOVERNMENT. THE FIRST AMENDMENT DOES NOT CONFER ON REPORTERS OR ANYONE ELSE 8 THE RIGHT TO VIOLATE THE LAW IN ORDER TO GET 9 10 INFORMATION THAT THEY MIGHT CONSIDER NEWSWORTHY, THE RIGHT TO ENCOURAGE OTHERS TO DO SO, OR THE RIGHT TO 11 12 CONCEAL THE IDENTITY OF A SOURCE WHO COMMITTED A CRIMINAL ACT IN PROVIDING THE INFORMATION BY REFUSING 13

ORDERING MR. TARICANI TO REVEAL HIS SOURCE IS AN

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TO COMPLY WITH A LAWFUL COURT ORDER DIRECTING THE

REPORTER TO IDENTIFY THE SOURCE.

16	TO SUGGEST THAT THESE THINGS ARE PROTECTED BY
17	THE FIRST AMENDMENT, DEMEANS THE FIRST AMENDMENT. AND
18	WHILE, AS I SAID, THAT COURTS HAVE AFFORDED PROTECTION
19	TO THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF REPORTER'S SOURCES IN CASES
20	WHERE THERE IS NO SUFFICIENT REASON TO REQUIRE
21	DISCLOSURE, THIS IS NOT ONE OF THOSE CASES. UNDER THE
22	CIRCUMSTANCES IN THIS CASE, IT'S CRYSTAL CLEAR THAT
23	MR. TARICANI HAD NO PRIVILEGE UNDER THE FIRST AMENDMENT
24	OR OTHERWISE, TO DISOBEY THE ORDER DIRECTING HIM TO
25	IDENTIFY THE SOURCE THAT PROVIDED HIM WITH THIS TAPE.

1	AS THE SUPREME COURT EXPRESSLY HELD IN THE
2	BRANZBURG CASE, "A REPORTER HAS NO PRIVILEGE UNDER THE
3	FIRST AMENDMENT OR OTHERWISE TO REFUSE TO DISCLOSE THE
4	IDENTITY OF A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE TO A GRAND JURY
5	INVESTIGATING A CRIME WHEN THAT INFORMATION IS RELEVANT
6	TO THE INVESTIGATION, BECAUSE THE PUBLIC INTEREST AND
7	EFFECTIVE LAW ENFORCEMENT OVERRIDES ANY INCIDENTAL
8	BURDEN THAT DISCLOSURE MAY IMPOSE ON NEWS-GATHERING
9	ACTIVITIES. " SO REPORTERS ARE FREE TO USE SOURCES, AND
10	IN MANY CASES, PRESERVE THE CONFIDENTIALITY OF THOSE
11	SOURCES, BUT THERE ARE EXCEPTIONS TO THAT, AND THIS IS
12	ONE OF THOSE EXPENSES. AS THE SUPREME COURT ALSO NOTED
13	IN BRANZBURG, "NO OTHER CITIZEN ENJOYS SUCH A
14	PRIVILEGE. " IF JOE CITIZEN HAS POSSESSION OF RECORDS
15	EVIDENCING BRIBERY OR EXTORTION BY PUBLIC OFFICIALS,
16	AND HE'S SUBPOENAED TO APPEAR BEFORE A GRAND JURY, JOE
17	CITIZEN HAS NO RIGHT TO REFUSE TO PRODUCE THE RECORDS
18	OR TO REFUSE TO IDENTIFY THE PERSON WHO GAVE HIM THE
19	RECORDS ON THE GROUND THAT JOE CITIZEN CONSIDERS THIS

- 20 INFORMATION TO BE CONFIDENTIAL OR HE PROMISED SOMEONE
- 21 THAT HE WOULDN'T TELL. IF THAT HAPPENED, JOE CITIZEN
- 22 WOULD BE IN JAIL IN SHORT ORDER.
- 23 IN THIS CASE, MR. TARICANI APPEALED THIS COURT'S
- ORDER, AS HE HAD EVERY RIGHT TO DO, AND THE ORDER WAS
- 25 AFFIRMED BY THE COURT OF APPEALS. IT'S INTERESTING TO

- 1 NOTE THAT APPEAL FOCUSED MORE ON WHETHER IT WAS PROPER
- 2 TO REFER THIS MATTER TO A SPECIAL PROSECUTOR, RATHER
- 3 THAN ON ANY FIRST AMENDMENT ISSUE. IT ALSO APPEARS
- 4 THAT THERE WAS NO ATTEMPT MADE TO GET THE SUPREME COURT
- 5 TO REVIEW THE CASE. AND I SUSPECT THAT THE REASON FOR
- 6 THOSE DECISIONS, WHICH I BELIEVE WERE SOUND, WAS THAT
- 7 COUNSEL RECOGNIZED THAT UNDER THE FACTS OF THIS CASE,
- 8 THEY COULD NOT PREVAIL ON THE FIRST AMENDMENT CLAIM.
- 9 I SUPPOSE ONE MIGHT ARGUE THAT EVEN UNDER THESE
- 10 CIRCUMSTANCES THE REPORTER SHOULD NOT HAVE TO REVEAL
- 11 THE SOURCE, BUT IT'S DISINGENUOUS TO CLAIM THAT
- 12 REQUIRING HIM TO DO SO UNDER THESE CIRCUMSTANCES
- CONSTITUTES AN ASSAULT ON THE FIRST AMENDMENT. THOSE
- 14 ARE TWO ENTIRELY SEPARATE THINGS, WHETHER ONE THINKS
- 15 THAT A REPORTER SHOULD HAVE TO REVEAL SOURCES UNDER
- 16 THESE CIRCUMSTANCES AND WHETHER REQUIRING HIM TO DO SO,
- 17 AS THE LAW REQUIRES, CONSTITUTES AN ASSAULT ON THE
- 18 FIRST AMENDMENT.
- 19 THERE ARE SEVERAL ASSAULTS HERE, BUT NONE OF
- 20 THEM IS AN ASSAULT BY THE COURT ON THE FIRST AMENDMENT
- 21 OF. THE ASSAULTS WE HAVE HERE ARE ASSAULTS ON THE RULE
- 22 OF LAW, ASSAULT ON THE EFFECTIVE ADMINISTRATION OF
- 23 CRIMINAL JUSTICE, AND ASSAULT OF THE CONSTITUTIONAL

- 24 RIGHT OF A DEFENDANT TO A FAIR TRIAL. THERE'S AN
- 25 ASSAULT ON THE PRINCIPLE THAT LAWFUL COURT ORDERS MUST

- 1 BE OBEYED. AND THAT ASSAULT TAKES THE FORM OF EXPRESS
- 2 OR IMPLIED CLAIMS THAT IT WAS OKAY TO PROMISE
- 3 CONFIDENTIALITY TO THE SOURCE WHO PROVIDED INFORMATION
- 4 IN VIOLATION OF A PROTECTIVE ORDER, EVEN IF AT THE TIME
- 5 THE REPORTER KNEW THAT IT WAS A VIOLATION FOR THE
- 6 SOURCE TO HAVE PROVIDED THAT INFORMATION. IT IS ALSO
- 7 AN EXPRESS OR IMPLIED CLAIM HERE THAT THE FACT THAT THE
- 8 ORDER WAS VIOLATED IS NOT IMPORTANT ENOUGH TO WARRANT
- 9 PURSUING THE MATTER NOW THAT THE CASE IS OVER. THERE'S
- THE IMPLICATION THAT IT WAS OKAY, EVEN LAUDABLE FOR
- 11 MR. TARICANI TO REFUSE TO COMPLY WITH THE ORDER BECAUSE
- 12 HE HAS WHAT HE THINKS IS A GOOD REASON. THERE'S AN
- 13 ASSAULT HERE ON THE PRINCIPLE THAT UNDER OUR SYSTEM OF
- 14 GOVERNMENT, LEGAL QUESTIONS AND QUESTIONS OF
- 15 CONSTITUTIONAL DIMENSION THAT AFFECT THE PUBLIC
- 16 INTEREST MUST BE DECIDED BY AN IMPARTIAL COURT AFTER
- WEIGHING ALL OF THE RELEVANT FACTS AND NOT BY
- 18 INTERESTED INDIVIDUALS MAKING SPUR OF THE MOMENT
- 19 JUDGMENTS. JUST AS A POLICE OFFICER HAS NO RIGHT, AND
- 20 CERTAINLY NOT AN ABSOLUTE AND UNREVIEWABLE RIGHT, TO
- 21 DETERMINE WHETHER A SEARCH AND SEIZURE VIOLATES THE
- 22 PROVISIONS OF THE FOURTH AMENDMENT, NEITHER DOES A
- 23 REPORTER HAVE AN ABSOLUTE AND UNREVIEWABLE RIGHT TO
- 24 ULTIMATELY DETERMINE WHETHER A SOURCE IS ENTITLED TO
- 25 CONFIDENTIALITY. THOSE DECISIONS, ULTIMATELY, HAVE TO

1	BE MADE BY A COURT, AND THANKFULLY, DON'T COME UP
2	OFTEN. THEY DO COME UP IN CASES LIKE THIS WHERE
3	CRIMINAL INVESTIGATIONS ARE INVOLVED, THAT WAS THE
4	BRANZBURG CASE.
5	THERE'S AN ASSAULT IN THIS CASE ON THE ABILITY
6	OF GRAND JURIES AND OTHER DULY AUTHORIZED INVESTIGATIVE
7	BODIES TO EFFECTIVELY INVESTIGATE CRIMES AND ON THE
8	ABILITY OF PROSECUTORS TO EFFECTIVELY PROSECUTE THEM
9	IF INDIVIDUALS SUBPOENAED TO TESTIFY PRODUCE DOCUMENTS
10	BEFORE A GRAND JURY OR AT TRIAL DON'T HAVE TO COMPLY
11	EVEN AFTER BEING ORDERED BY A COURT, IT'S PRETTY
12	OBVIOUS THAT THE ABILITY OF GRAND JURIES AND
13	PROSECUTORS TO INVESTIGATE AND PROSECUTE CRIMES WOULD
14	BE SEVERELY COMPROMISED, TO SAY THE LEAST.
15	AND, FINALLY, THIS IS AN ASSAULT ON THE
16	CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT OF CRIMINAL DEFENDANTS TO A FAIR
17	TRIAL. IN CLAIMING THAT IT'S OKAY IF SOURCES
18	UNLAWFULLY LEAK EVIDENCE THAT THREATENS A DEFENDANT'S
19	CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO A FAIR TRIAL WITHOUT FEAR OF
20	BEING IDENTIFIED BY THE ONLY PERSON WHO KNOWS WHO THAT
21	INDIVIDUAL IS. IT'S VERY UNFORTUNATE, IN MY VIEW, THAT
22	SOME WHO HAVE NEVER EXPERIENCED THE TRAUMA OF BEING
23	ACCUSED OF A CRIME HAVE DIFFICULTY UNDERSTANDING THAT A
24	FAIR TRIAL BEFORE AN IMPARTIAL JURY IS A VERY PRECIOUS
25	RIGHT TO HAVE.

NOW THAT I'VE HAD MY SAY ON THOSE POINTS, WE'RE
GOING TO PROCEED TO THE SENTENCING ASPECT OF THIS CASE.

I'M VERY SADDENED AND DISAPPOINTED BY WHAT'S
Page 16

4 HAPPENED IN THIS CASE FOR A NUMBER OF REASONS. I'M 5 SORRY FOR THE PARTIES AND THE IMPACT THAT THIS HAS HAD AND WILL CONTINUE TO HAVE ON THEIR LIVES AND THEIR 6 FAMILIES. AND I'M SORRY THAT I NOW FACE THE VERY 7 8 UNPLEASANT TASK OF SENTENCING A REPORTER WHO I HAVE ADMIRED AND RESPECTED FOR MANY YEARS AND WHO SUFFERS 9 10 FROM A SERIOUS HEALTH CONDITION. IT'S ALSO GOING TO BE UNPLEASANT TO FACE THE POSSIBILITY OF SENTENCING A 11 LONG-TIME MEMBER OF THE BAR, WHO, AT LEAST IN HIS 12 DEALINGS WITH THIS COURT. HAS ALWAYS CONDUCTED HIMSELF 13 IN A VERY PROFESSIONAL MANNER AND WHO HAS HEALTH 14 PROBLEMS IN HIS OWN FAMILY. 15 16 BUT WHAT'S AT STAKE HERE IS THE RULE OF LAW AND THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT OF A PERSON CHARGED WITH A 17 CRIME TO RECEIVE A FAIR TRIAL, AND I HAVE AN OBLIGATION 18 19 TO DEFEND BOTH. 20 NO ONE IS ABOVE THE LAW. NOT PRESIDENTS. NOT 21 REPORTERS. LIKE ALL CITIZENS, A REPORTER MUST ABIDE BY WHAT THE CONSTITUTION AND THE LAWS SAY AND NOT BY WHAT 22 23 THEY THINK THEY SAY OR THINK THEY SHOULD SAY. 24 YOU' VE SAID THAT YOU BELIEVE YOU WERE JUST DOING 25 YOUR JOB, MR. TARICANI, AND NOW I HAVE TO TRY AND DO MY

20

1 JOB.

2 IN DETERMINING WHAT SENTENCES IS JUST IN THIS

3 CASE, THE FIRST PLACE ORDINARILY THAT I WOULD LOOK

4 WOULD BE AT THE GUIDELINES. BUT AS COUNSEL HAVE POINTED

5 OUT, THERE ARE NO GUIDELINES, NO FEDERAL SENTENCING

6 GUIDELINES FOR THE CRIME OF CRIMINAL CONTEMPT. THE

7 GUIDELINES SIMPLY SAY THAT THE COURT OUGHT TO REFER TO

- 8 THE GUIDELINE FOR THE MOST ANALOGOUS OFFENSE, WHICH
- 9 GENERALLY HAS BEEN CONSIDERED OBSTRUCTION OF JUSTICE.
- 10 I WAS AWARE OF THAT AT THE TIME THAT I FOUND YOU IN
- 11 CRIMINAL CONTEMPT, AND I REJECTED THE OBSTRUCTION
- 12 GUIDELINE. THAT WOULD CALL FOR A RANGE OF 15 TO 21
- MONTHS, AND I THOUGHT AT THE TIME THAT WAS EXCESSIVE
- AND THAT'S ONE OF THE REASONS THAT I DECIDED TO LIMIT
- 15 THE SENTENCE TO 6 MONTHS.
- THE FACTORS, THEN, THAT THE COURT MUST CONSIDER
- 17 ARE SPELLED OUT IN THE STATUTE. SECTION 3553 OF TITLE
- 18, AND I'M NOT GOING TO REPEAT EVERYTHING COUNSEL HAVE
- 19 SAID. ONE OF THE FACTORS IS THE NATURE AND
- 20 CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE OFFENSE. AS WE ALREADY KNOW, THE
- 21 OFFENSE IS A WILLFUL VIOLATION OF A COURT ORDER. I'VE
- 22 INDICATED HOW SERIOUS THAT IS. I DON'T THINK ANYONE
- 23 DISPUTES. AT LEAST HASN'T DISPUTED DURING THIS
- 24 PROCEEDING THAT IT'S SERIOUS. IT STRIKES AT THE HEART
- 25 OF THE RULE OF LAW, AND IN THIS CASE IT OBSTRUCTED AND

- 1 GREATLY INCREASED THE COST OF A CRIMINAL INVESTIGATION
- 2 INTO THE VIOLATION OF STILL ANOTHER ORDER.
- 3 ANOTHER FACTOR IS THE HISTORY AND
- 4 CHARACTERISTICS OF THE DEFENDANT. AND IN YOUR CASE
- 5 THOSE WEIGH, CERTAINLY, IN YOUR FAVOR. YOU'VE LED AN
- 6 EXEMPLARY LIFE: YOU'VE HAD NO PRIOR CONTACT WITH THE
- 7 LAW; THIS IS YOUR FIRST OFFENSE. YOU'VE DONE A GREAT
- 8 DEAL OF GOOD IN THE COMMUNITY. BOTH THROUGH YOUR WORK
- 9 AND YOUR CHARITABLE ACTIVITIES. YOU APPARENTLY HAVE
- 10 BEEN VERY ACTIVE IN THE HEART ASSOCIATION, THE FOOD
- 11 BANK AND AMOS HOUSE, AND PROBABLY OTHER THINGS AS WELL.

12	AS COUNSEL HAVE MENTIONED, YOU HAVE A SERIOUS HEALTH
13	CONDITION. YOU ARE THE RECIPIENT OF A HEART
14	TRANSPLANT, AND YOU HAVE A MULTITUDE OF RELATED
15	PROBLEMS, AND I'LL GET INTO THOSE A LITTLE BIT LATER.
16	AMONG THE OTHER FACTORS THE COURT HAS TO
17	CONSIDER, THE NEED FOR THE SENTENCE TO REFLECT THE
18	SERIOUSNESS OF THE OFFENSE, TO PROMOTE RESPECT FOR THE
19	LAW, TO PROVIDE JUST PUNISHMENT FOR THE OFFENSE, AND TO
20	AFFORD ADEQUATE DETERRENCE TO CRIMINAL CONDUCT. AND
21	I'M NOT GOING TO REPEAT ALL THAT'S BEEN SAID, I'LL JUST
22	SAY THAT, AS I'VE ALREADY INDICATED, I THINK IT'S VERY
23	IMPORTANT THAT THE SENTENCE REFLECT THE SERIOUSNESS OF
24	OFFENSE, PROMOTE RESPECT FOR THE LAW, AND DETER OTHERS
25	FROM BEING TEMPTED TO ENGAGE IN SIMILAR CONDUCT IN THE
	22
	EMENDE
1	FUTURE.
2	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T
_	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T RELEVANT; PROTECTING THE PUBLIC, I DON'T THINK THE
2	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T
2	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T RELEVANT; PROTECTING THE PUBLIC, I DON'T THINK THE
2 3 4	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T RELEVANT; PROTECTING THE PUBLIC, I DON'T THINK THE PUBLIC HAS TO BE PROTECTED FROM YOU. TO AVOID
2 3 4 5	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T RELEVANT; PROTECTING THE PUBLIC, I DON'T THINK THE PUBLIC HAS TO BE PROTECTED FROM YOU. TO AVOID UNWARRANTED SENTENCING DISPARITIES; COUNSEL HAVE
2 3 4 5	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T RELEVANT; PROTECTING THE PUBLIC, I DON'T THINK THE PUBLIC HAS TO BE PROTECTED FROM YOU. TO AVOID UNWARRANTED SENTENCING DISPARITIES; COUNSEL HAVE PROVIDED THE COURT WITH A LISTING OF THE SENTENCES THAT
2 3 4 5 6 7	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T RELEVANT; PROTECTING THE PUBLIC, I DON'T THINK THE PUBLIC HAS TO BE PROTECTED FROM YOU. TO AVOID UNWARRANTED SENTENCING DISPARITIES; COUNSEL HAVE PROVIDED THE COURT WITH A LISTING OF THE SENTENCES THAT WERE IMPOSED IN CRIMINAL CONTEMPT CASES, BUT THE
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T RELEVANT; PROTECTING THE PUBLIC, I DON'T THINK THE PUBLIC HAS TO BE PROTECTED FROM YOU. TO AVOID UNWARRANTED SENTENCING DISPARITIES; COUNSEL HAVE PROVIDED THE COURT WITH A LISTING OF THE SENTENCES THAT WERE IMPOSED IN CRIMINAL CONTEMPT CASES, BUT THE PROBLEM WITH THAT IS THAT THE CASES ARE ALL SO
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T RELEVANT; PROTECTING THE PUBLIC, I DON'T THINK THE PUBLIC HAS TO BE PROTECTED FROM YOU. TO AVOID UNWARRANTED SENTENCING DISPARITIES; COUNSEL HAVE PROVIDED THE COURT WITH A LISTING OF THE SENTENCES THAT WERE IMPOSED IN CRIMINAL CONTEMPT CASES, BUT THE PROBLEM WITH THAT IS THAT THE CASES ARE ALL SO DIFFERENT EACH ONE TURNS ON ITS FACTS, AND I DON'T
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	THERE ARE SOME OTHER FACTORS THAT AREN'T RELEVANT; PROTECTING THE PUBLIC, I DON'T THINK THE PUBLIC HAS TO BE PROTECTED FROM YOU. TO AVOID UNWARRANTED SENTENCING DISPARITIES; COUNSEL HAVE PROVIDED THE COURT WITH A LISTING OF THE SENTENCES THAT WERE IMPOSED IN CRIMINAL CONTEMPT CASES, BUT THE PROBLEM WITH THAT IS THAT THE CASES ARE ALL SO DIFFERENT EACH ONE TURNS ON ITS FACTS, AND I DON'T THINK THAT ANY OF THOSE CASES ARE HELPFUL IN THAT

CASE WHO VIOLATED THE PROTECTIVE ORDER BY SHOWING THE VERY SAME TAPE TO A COUPLE OF FRIENDS AND A MEMBER OF

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14

- 16 HIS FAMILY, I BELIEVE IN THE PRIVACY OF HIS HOME. AND
- 17 IN HINDSIGHT, I WOULD AGREE THAT I WAS TOO LENIENT IN
- 18 THAT CASE. THAT INDIVIDUAL WAS NEVER PROSECUTED. I
- 19 SANCTIONED HIM SUMMARILY. AND AS I SAY, AS I LOOK BACK
- 20 ON IT, IT WAS TOO LENIENT, I DON'T WANT TO OFFER
- 21 EXCUSES, BUT I WILL SAY ONLY THAT I WAS ONLY SWAYED BY
- 22 WHAT I WAS CONVINCED WAS A SPUR OF THE MOMENT LAPSE IN
- 23 JUDGMENT ON HIS PART IN AN ATTEMPT TO SHOW-OFF FOR TO A
- FEW FRIENDS. IT DIDN'T APPEAR TO ME TO BE TO BE A
- 25 PREMEDICATED ACT THAT THREATENED TO POISON THE JURY

- 1 POOL OR DEPRIVE ANY OF THE DEFENDANTS OF THEIR RIGHT TO
- 2 A FAIR TRIAL OR GIVE ANYONE AN UNFAIR ADVANTAGE IN THAT
- 3 TRIAL. AS I SAID AT THE TIME, THE DISCLOSURE WAS VERY
- 4 LIMITED; IT CREATED LITTLE RISK OF AFFECTING THE
- 5 FAIRNESS OF THE TRIAL THAT THE PROTECTIVE ORDER WAS
- 6 DESIGNED TO PROTECT. AND I MADE IT CLEAR AT THAT TIME
- 7 THAT THE SITUATION WOULD BE MUCH DIFFERENT IF AND WHEN
- 8 THE INDIVIDUAL WHO PROVIDED YOU WITH THE TAPE THAT WAS
- 9 AIRED TO THOUSANDS OF VIEWERS WAS DISCOVERED.
- 10 SO ALTHOUGH I DON'T CLAIM TO JUSTIFY THE
- 11 LENIENCY SHOWN ON THE PREVIOUS OCCASION -- THE OTHER
- 12 FACTOR THAT INFLUENCED ME AT THE TIME WAS I ASSUMED
- 13 THAT THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT WOULD TAKE SOME
- 14 DISCIPLINARY ACTION. I DON'T KNOW WHETHER THEY EVER
- 15 DID. I DON'T KNOW IF THOSE THINGS ARE MADE PUBLIC,
- 16 I'VE NEVER INQUIRED. I'VE CERTAINLY SEEN NO EVIDENCE
- 17 OF IT.
- 18 BUT HOWEVER LENIENT THAT MAY HAVE BEEN, THIS
- 19 SITUATION, I THINK, IS DISTINGUISHABLE FOR THE REASONS

22	THAT PROTECTIVE ORDER. THE MOTIVE WELL, THE MOTIVE
23	REMAINS UNCLEAR. IT CERTAINLY DIDN'T CREATE A RISK OF
24	JEOPARDIZING THE DEFENDANT'S RIGHT TO A FAIR TRIAL.
25	AND, FINALLY, WHAT YOU'RE BEING SENTENCED FOR IS
	24
1	NOT VIOLATING THE PROTECTIVE ORDER, AS I'VE SAID, BUT
2	RATHER VIOLATING THE ORDER REQUIRING YOU TO IDENTIFY
3	THE PERSON WHO DID VIOLATE THE PROTECTIVE ORDER.
4	ONE OTHER FACTOR THAT'S MENTIONED IN THE STATUTE
5	IS THE NEED FOR RESTITUTION, AND I THINK THAT NEEDS TO
6	BE ADDRESSED. I DID ASK COUNSEL TO PROVIDE MEMORANDA
7	TO THE COURT ON WHETHER OR NOT RESTITUTION SHOULD BE
8	ORDERED IN CONNECTION WITH MR. TARICANI'S SENTENCE. I
9	HAVE CONCLUDED THAT IT SHOULD NOT BE, THAT IT WOULD BE
10	INAPPROPRIATE. BUT I REACHED THAT CONCLUSION FOR
11	REASONS DIFFERENT FROM THOSE EXPRESSED IN THE DEFENSE
12	COUNSELS' MEMORANDUM
13	IT'S MY OPINION THAT WHEN AN INDIVIDUAL COMMITS
14	AN ACT OF CRIMINAL CONTEMPT, THAT INDIVIDUAL MAY
15	PROPERLY BE REQUIRED TO PAY RESTITUTION FOR ANY LOSS OR
16	EXPENSE INCURRED BY ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL OR A GOVERNMENT
17	ENTITY AS A RESULT OF THE CRIMINAL ACT. THAT WAS THE
18	BASIS FOR THE THIRD CIRCUIT'S DECISION IN THE HAND CASE
19	WHERE THE COURT REQUIRED A JUROR, WHO WAS HELD IN
20	CONTEMPT FOR IMPROPERLY HAVING CONTACT WITH A CRIMINAL
21	DEFENDANT, WHICH RESULTED IN A MISTRIAL, TO PAY
22	RESTITUTION FOR THE PRORATED SALARIES OF TWO
23	PROSECUTORS AND THE EXPENSES OF TWO GOVERNMENT

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THAT I HAVE MENTIONED. THIS WAS NOT A SPUR OF THE

MOMENT LAPSE IN JUDGMENT BY THE INDIVIDUAL WHO VIOLATED

- 24 WITNESSES THAT WERE INCURRED DURING THE TRIAL. BUT
- 25 THAT'S NOT THIS CASE. IT SEEMS ALSO CLEAR TO ME THAT

- 1 IT'S NOT PROPER TO REQUIRE A DEFENDANT TO PAY
- 2 RESTITUTION FOR EXPENSES INCURRED IN PROSECUTING HIM,
- 3 EXCEPT TO THE EXTENT THAT THOSE EXPENSES CONSTITUTE
- 4 RECOVERABLE COSTS THAT ARE SPECIFIED IN SECTION 1920 OF
- 5 TITLE 28, WHICH A DEFENDANT, EVEN A CRIMINAL DEFENDANT
- 6 IS REQUIRED TO PAY UNDER SECTION 1918 OF TITLE 28.
- 7 AND IN THIS CASE, IN DETERMINING WHICH OF THOSE
- 8 MODELS FITS, IN THIS CASE IT SEEMS PRETTY CLEAR THAT
- 9 THE AMOUNTS PAID TO THE SPECIAL PROSECUTOR HAD BEEN
- 10 INCURRED IN TRACKING DOWN THE SOURCE, OR IF THEY HAD
- 11 BEEN INCURRED IN TRACKING DOWN THE SOURCE AFTER
- MR. TARICANI HAD BEEN HELD IN CONTEMPT AND BECAUSE OF
- 13 HIS REFUSAL TO COMPLY WITH THE COURT'S ORDER, I THINK
- 14 RESTITUTION WOULD BE APPROPRIATE. BUT IN THIS CASE THE
- 15 FACT IS THAT ALL OF THE EXPENSES INCURRED AFTER
- 16 MR. TARICANI WAS HELD IN CONTEMPT APPEAR TO BE RELATED
- 17 TO HIS PROSECUTION FOR THAT CONTEMPT. THE EXPENSES
- 18 INCURRED IN TRYING TO TRACK DOWN THE SOURCE BY OTHER
- 19 MEANS WERE INCURRED BEFORE MR. TARICANI WAS HELD IN
- 20 CONTEMPT, AND EVEN THOUGH THOSE EFFORTS WERE MADE IN AN
- 21 EFFORT TO AVOID HAVING TO ASK HIM FOR HIS SOURCE, I
- DON'T BELIEVE THAT RESTITUTION IS PROPER. SO I'M NOT
- 23 GOING TO ORDER RESTITUTION.
- 24 NOW, THE DIFFICULT THING IN THIS CASE IS, AND
- 25 WHAT THE COURT'S DECISION COMES DOWN TO IS

- 1 MR. TARICANI'S HEALTH. EXCEPT FOR HIS HEALTH AND HIS
- 2 HI STORY AND GOOD RECORD, ALL OF THE FACTORS ENUMERATED
- 3 IN THE STATUTE WOULD CALL FOR A MEANINGFUL PRISON
- 4 SENTENCE. SO THE QUESTION HERE IS WHETHER IMPRISONMENT
- 5 WOULD POSE A RISK TO MR. TARICANI'S LIFE OR HEALTH THAT
- 6 IS REAL ENOUGH AND SERIOUS ENOUGH TO WARRANT SOME KIND
- 7 OF AN ALTERNATIVE SENTENCE. AND VERY FRANKLY ONE OF
- 8 THE REASONS, ONE OF THE THINGS THAT I FIND MOST
- 9 DIFFICULT TO DEAL WITH IN ATTEMPTING TO ANSWER THAT
- 10 QUESTION IS THAT MR. TARICANI FACES IMPRISONMENT
- 11 BECAUSE OF A SERIES OF CONSCIOUS DECISIONS THAT HE
- 12 VOLUNTARILY MADE WITH FULL KNOWLEDGE OF THE POTENTIAL
- 13 RISKS TO HIS HEALTH. BUT AT THE SAME TIME. HE'S ASKING
- 14 THE COURT TO MITIGATE THE SENTENCE BECAUSE OF THE RISKS
- 15 THAT HE CONSCIOUSLY AND VOLUNTARILY ASSUMED.
- 16 HE CHOSE TO PROMISE CONFIDENTIALITY TO
- MR. BEVILACQUA KNOWING THAT IN PROVIDING THE TAPE,
- MR. BEVILACQUA WAS VIOLATING A PROTECTIVE ORDER
- 19 DESIGNED TO PROTECT THE PARTIES RIGHT TO A FAIR TRIAL.
- 20 HE CHOSE. HE AND THE STATION CHOSE TO BROADCAST THE
- TAPE TO PROSPECTIVE JURORS AFTER HAVING AMPLE
- OPPORTUNITY TO CONSIDER THE POSSIBLE RAMIFICATIONS.
- 23 CONSULTING WITH COUNSEL, AND I HAVE TO THINK
- 24 RECOGNIZING THE VERY REAL POSSIBILITY THAT ONCE THE
- TAPE WAS AIRED, A COURT MIGHT VERY WELL ORDER HIM TO

- 1 I DENTIFY THE PERSON WHO PROVIDED THE TAPE. AFTER BEING
- 2 HELD IN CIVIL CONTEMPT, MR. TARICANI MADE THE DECISION

- 3 NOT TO AVAIL HIMSELF OF ANY OF THE MANY OPPORTUNITIES
- 4 THAT THE COURT AFFORDED HIM TO PURGE HIMSELF OF THAT
- 5 CONTEMPT, EVEN AFTER THE COURT WARNED HIM THAT HE COULD
- 6 FACE IMPRISONMENT FOR CRIMINAL CONTEMPT, AND THAT IF
- 7 THAT HAPPENED, IF HE WAS CONVICTED OF CRIMINAL
- 8 CONTEMPT, IT WOULD BE TOO LATE TO PURGE HIMSELF. AND
- 9 HE MADE ALL OF THESE DECISIONS WITH FULL KNOWLEDGE
- 10 REGARDING THE STATE OF HIS HEALTH AND THE RISKS THAT
- 11 IMPRISONMENT MIGHT POSE, AND HE DECIDED TO ASSUME THOSE
- 12 RISKS.
- 13 SO, IN ESSENCE, MR. TARICANI IS NOW ASKING THIS
- 14 COURT TO SHOW MORE CONCERN FOR AND REGARD FOR HIS
- 15 HEALTH THAN HE HIMSELF HAS SHOWN, AND VERY CANDIDLY,
- THAT'S SOMEWHAT DIFFICULT TO SWALLOW. BUT I ATTRIBUTE
- 17 THAT MORE TO THE FACT THAT MR. TARICANI IS A RISK-TAKER
- 18 THAN TO AN INDICATION THAT HE DOESN'T BELIEVE THAT
- 19 IMPRISONMENT WOULD PRESENT AS GREAT A RISK TO HIS
- 20 HEALTH AS HAS BEEN PORTRAYED HERE, AND I RECOGNIZE THAT
- 21 I HAVE TO PUT ASIDE THE FEELINGS OF BEING UNFAIRLY PUT
- 22 IN THIS POSITION OF HAVING TO BE MORE CONCERNED ABOUT
- 23 MR. TARICANI'S HEALTH THAN HE HAS INDICATED HE IS, AND
- 24 I'VE GOT TO IMPOSE A SENTENCE THAT IS SUFFICIENT TO
- 25 PROVI DE ADEQUATE PUNI SHMENT FOR THE OFFENSE BUT DOES

- 1 NOT HAVE THE UNINTENDED OR UNWARRANTED CONSEQUENCE OF
- 2 ENDANGERING MR. TARICANI'S LIFE OR HEALTH. AND I'VE
- 3 TRIED VERY HARD TO DO THAT. I'VE AGONIZED LONG AND
- 4 HARD OVER THIS. AND I'VE LOOKED AT THE FACTS THAT BEAR
- 5 ON THIS QUESTION, AND THEY SEEM TO POINT IN TWO
- 6 DIFFERENT DIRECTIONS. ON THE ONE HAND, AS I'VE

- 7 PREVIOUSLY OBSERVED, MR. TARICANI LEADS AN ACTIVE LIFE.
- 8 HE VIGOROUSLY PURSUES HIS PROFESSION. HE HAS TRAVELED
- 9 ABROAD RECENTLY, AND HE HAS TRAVELED AT LEAST TO NEW
- 10 YORK RECENTLY TO BE ON THE TODAY SHOW. THE BUREAU OF
- 11 PRISONS HAS INDICATED THAT IT CAN PROVIDE PROPER CARE.
- 12 I KNOW THAT THEY HAVE FIRST-RATE MEDICAL FACILITIES,
- 13 I'VE TOURED DEVENS, AND I'VE SEEN FIRSTHAND THAT THEY
- 14 RUN A FIRST-RATE OPERATION. SO WE HAVE THOSE FACTORS
- ON ONE SIDE OF THE EQUATION.
- 16 ON THE OTHER SIDE WE HAVE BASICALLY THE
- 17 AFFIDAVITS OF TWO OF MR. TARICANI'S DOCTORS. BOTH OF
- 18 WHOM ARE HIGHLY-QUALIFIED SPECIALISTS. AND I THINK
- 19 MR. MURPHY PRETTY ACCURATELY SUMMARIZED THE IMPORTANT
- 20 POINTS THAT WERE MADE IN THOSE AFFIDAVITS.
- 21 MR. TARICANI IS A HEART TRANSPLANT RECIPIENT. HE'S
- 22 SUFFERING FROM A REDUCED KIDNEY FUNCTION AS A RESULT OF
- 23 HIS PRIOR HEART PROBLEMS. HE HAS SEVERE HYPERTENSION.
- 24 WHICH IS A SIDE EFFECT OF THE MEDICATIONS THAT HE IS
- 25 TAKING. HE'S ON A REGIMEN OF MEDICATIONS THAT MUST BE

- 1 TAKEN ACCORDING TO A STRICT SCHEDULE AND CANNOT TAKE
- 2 GENERIC SUBSTITUTES. THAT AS A RESULT OF THE
- 3 IMMUNOSUPPRESSANT MEDICATION THAT HE'S BEING GIVEN TO
- 4 PREVENT REJECTION, HE'S UNUSUALLY SUSCEPTIBLE TO
- 5 INFECTION, WHICH IN HIS CASE COULD BE LIFE-THREATENING.
- 6 HIS CONDITION REQUIRES NUMEROUS PRECAUTIONS TO AVOID
- 7 BEING EXPOSED TO ANY TRANSMISSIBLE DISEASES. THOSE ARE
- 8 ENUMERATED IN THE AFFIDAVIT OF ONE OF THE DOCTORS.
- 9 THEY INCLUDE AVOIDING CONTACT WITH INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE
- 10 COLDS, FLU OR THE COMMON VIRUSES, NOT TO SHARE PLATES,

- 11 GLASSES, CUPS OR SOAP WITH OTHERS, NOT TO USE GROUP 12 SHOWERS, TO AVOID POORLY-VENTILATED AREAS, TO AVOID PROLONGED EXPOSURE TO COLD TEMPERATURES, AND, PERHAPS, 13 14 MOST OVERREACHING OF ALL. TO LIVE IN A FAIRLY GERM-FREE 15 ENVIRONMENT, A SANITARY ENVIRONMENT. THEY ALSO INDICATE THAT MR. TARICANI'S CONDITION REQUIRES CLOSE 16 17 MONITORING AND SUPERVISION BY SPECIALISTS IN CARDIAC TRANSPLANT MEDICINE, AND PREFERABLY THOSE WHO ARE 18
- 19 FAMILIAR WITH HIS CONDITION, AND THERE'S SOME QUESTION,
- 20 DESPITE THE EXCELLENT FACILITIES AT THE BUREAU OF
- 21 PRISONS AND THEIR WORKING RELATIONSHIP WITH THE
- 22 UNIVERSITY OF MASSACHUSETTS MEDICAL CENTER, WHETHER
- 23 THAT CONDITION COULD BE SATISFIED, OR AT LEAST WHETHER
- 24 MR. TARICANI COULD GET THAT TYPE OF MEDICAL CARE ON
- 25 VERY SHORT NOTICE AND CERTAINLY BY PHYSICIANS FAMILIAR

- 1 WITH HIS CONDITION.
- THE DOCTORS ALSO INDICATE THAT THE STRESS OF
- 3 IMPRISONMENT COULD ALTER WHAT THEY DESCRIBE AS THE
- 4 DELICATE BALANCE THAT THEY BELIEVE THEY HAVE ACHIEVED
- 5 BETWEEN THE SUPPRESSION OF ANY TENDENCY OF HIS BODY TO
- 6 REJECT THE TRANSPLANTED HEART AND HIS ABILITY TO FIGHT
- 7 INFECTION.
- 8 THE BOTTOM LINE IS THAT I'M REASONABLY CONFIDENT
- 9 THAT THE BUREAU OF PRISONS COULD PROVIDE APPROPRIATE
- 10 CARE, BUT I'M NOT SURE ENOUGH THAT I WANT TO SUBJECT
- 11 YOU, MR. TARICANI, TO THE RISK TO YOUR HEALTH OR LIFE,
- 12 THAT THEY MAY BE JEOPARDIZED BY IMPRISONING YOU. AND
- 13 APPARENTLY THE SPECIAL PROSECUTOR AGREES BASED ON HIS
- 14 RECOMMENDATION.

15	SO, THEREFORE, INSTEAD OF PLACING YOU IN PRISON,
16	I'M GOING TO SENTENCE YOU TO SIX MONTHS OF HOME
17	CONFINEMENT WITH VERY STRICT CONDITIONS DESIGNED TO
18	MIRROR AS CLOSELY AS POSSIBLE THE CONDITIONS THAT YOU
19	WOULD BE SUBJECT TO IF YOU WERE INCARCERATED.
20	I DON'T CONSIDER THE RECOMMENDATION MADE BY
21	MR. MURPHY TO BE ANYWHERE NEAR ADEQUATE TO ACHIEVE THE
22	PURPOSES THAT I'VE MENTIONED. AND THE ONLY REASON THAT
23	THE PRISON SENTENCE IS NOT BEING IMPOSED IS OUT OF
24	CONCERN FOR YOUR HEALTH. YOU DON'T DESERVE TO SUFFER
25	ADVERSE CONSEQUENCES TO YOUR HEALTH OR TO HAVE YOUR

1 LIFE JEOPARDIZED.

2 I WANT TO MAKE IT CLEAR THAT, IF I HAVEN'T

3 ALREADY DONE SO, THAT HOME CONFINEMENT IN THIS CASE IS

4 A SUBSTITUTE FOR INCARCERATION. IT'S NOT A STEP DOWN

5 THE ROAD TO REHABILITATION, YOU DON'T NEED ANY

6 REHABILITATION. THE POINT HERE IS TO IMPOSE A PENALTY

7 FOR THE CONDUCT IN WHICH YOU'VE ENGAGED. IT WOULD BE

8 IMPOSSIBLE FOR ME TO ENUMERATE EVERY CONDITION

9 NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE THAT OBJECTIVE. I WILL IN A FEW

MOMENTS STATE SOME OF THE CONDITIONS THAT READILY

OCCUR, MANY OF WHICH, I MIGHT ADD, ARE TAKEN DIRECTLY

12 FROM THE RULES AND REGULATIONS IN PLACE AT DEVENS, THE

13 INSTITUTION TO WHICH YOU MOST LIKELY WOULD HAVE BEEN

14 ASSIGNED. IF YOU VIOLATE ANY OF THOSE CONDITIONS OR

ANY OTHER CONDITIONS OF YOUR PROBATION OR HOME

16 CONFINEMENT, YOU COULD, AND I ASSURE YOU THAT YOU WILL

17 BE INCARCERATED. I HOPE THAT YOU UNDERSTAND THAT AT

18 THIS POINT. THERE'S ONLY SO MUCH CONSIDERATION THAT

- 19 THE COURT CAN EXTEND AND SO MUCH CONCERN THAT THE COURT 20 CAN HAVE FOR YOUR CONDITION IF YOU DON'T SHARE THAT CONCERN. 21 22 I'M SURE THAT IF YOU ARE INCLINED TO REWARD THE 23 LENIENCY THAT IS BEING SHOWN BY CONDUCTING YOURSELF IN A WAY THAT CIRCUMVENTS THE PURPOSE THAT I HAVE STATED 24 WITHOUT TECHNICALLY VIOLATING THE CONDITIONS I'M ABOUT 25 32 TO DESCRIBE, I'M SURE YOU COULD DO THAT WITH THE 1
- 2 RESOURCES AVAILABLE TO YOU. THERE'S NO DOUBT IN MY MIND THAT YOU COULD PROBABLY DO THAT. 3 I HOPE AND EXPECT THAT YOU WON'T. FIRST OF ALL, 4 BECAUSE I HOPE YOU'RE NOT THAT TYPE OF A PERSON, AND 5 6 SECONDLY, BECAUSE AN INDIVIDUAL WHO TREADS TOO CLOSE TO 7 THE EDGE OF A CLIFF RUNS THE RISK THAT THEY MIGHT FALL 8 SO, TECHNICALLY, I GUESS THE WAY TO PUT THIS IS 9 THAT I HEREBY -- WOULD YOU STAND UP, PLEASE, 10 MR. TARICANI, WHILE I IMPOSE THE SENTENCE -- I HEREBY SENTENCE YOU TO A PERIOD OF PROBATION FOR SIX MONTHS ON
- 11 12 THE CONDITION THAT YOU SPEND THE SIX MONTHS IN HOME CONFINEMENT WITH THE FOLLOWING SPECIAL CONDITIONS: 13
 - FIRST OF ALL, YOU MAY NOT LEAVE YOUR HOME FOR ANY REASON WHATSOEVER OTHER THAN TO SEEK AND OBTAIN MEDICAL CARE AND TREATMENT. AND BEFORE LEAVING FOR THAT PURPOSE, YOU MUST CLEAR IT WITH YOUR PROBATION OFFICER UNLESS IT'S AN EMERGENCY SITUATION. IF IT'S AN EMERGENCY AND YOU CAN'T DO THAT, THAT'S UNDERSTANDABLE,
- BUT YOU ARE TO NOTIFY THE PROBATION OFFICER AS SOON AS 20
- 21 PRACTICABLE AFTER DOING THAT.

15 16

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18 19

22 FURTHER CONDITION IS THAT YOU MAY NOT ENGAGE IN

- 23 ANY BUSINESS OR PROFESSION DURING THE TIME OF YOUR HOME
- 24 CONFINEMENT. YOU MAY NOT HAVE ANY INTERNET ACCESS,
- JUST AS INDIVIDUALS IN PRISON MAY NOT HAVE ANY INTERNET

- 1 ACCESS. YOU MAY NOT PARTICIPATE IN ANY APPEARANCES ON
- 2 RADIO OR TELEVISION. AND YOU MAY NOT HAVE VISITORS
- 3 EXCEPT DURING THE HOURS OF 2 TO 4 IN THE AFTERNOON AND
- 4 6 TO 8 IN THE EVENING.
- 5 NOW, JUST AS PRISONS PROVIDE INMATES WITH AN
- 6 INCENTIVE NOT TO GET TOO CLOSE TO THE EDGE OF A CLIFF
- 7 BY GIVING THEM GOOD TIME CREDIT, I'M GOING TO GIVE YOU
- 8 AN INCENTIVE TO ADHERE TO BOTH THE LETTER AND THE
- 9 SPIRIT OF THE CONDITIONS OF YOUR HOME CONFINEMENT BY
- 10 INVITING YOU TO PETITION THE COURT FOR EARLY
- 11 TERMINATION OF YOUR HOME CONFINEMENT. IF AFTER FOUR
- 12 MONTHS HAVE GONE BY, YOU HAVE CONDUCTED YOURSELF IN THE
- 13 MANNER I HAVE ATTEMPTED TO DESCRIBE, BOTH BY STATING
- 14 THE PURPOSE OF THE HOME CONFINEMENT AND DESCRIBING THE
- 15 CONDITIONS OF YOUR HOME CONFINEMENT. IF YOU'VE DONE
- 16 THAT, I INVITE YOU TO PETITION AT THAT TIME FOR EARLY
- 17 TERMINATION.
- 18 IF YOU HAVEN'T DONE THAT, YOU CAN PETITION, I
- 19 GUESS, BUT I THINK IT WOULD BE A WASTE OF TIME.
- 20 YOU MAY BE SEATED, MR. TARICANI.
- DO COUNSEL HAVE ANYTHING FURTHER? DO YOU HAVE
- 22 ANYTHING FURTHER, MR. DESISTO?
- 23 MR. DESISTO: I DO NOT.
- MR. MURPHY: AS TO THE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT,
- 25 YOUR HONOR?

1	THE COURT: RIGHT NOW. AS OF TODAY.
2	COURT WILL BE ADJOURNED. I NEGLECTED TO MENTION
3	THAT THE HOME CONFINEMENT WILL BE WITH ELECTRONIC
4	MONITORING. THERE MAY BE SOME PROBLEMS, SINCE I
5	UNDERSTAND YOU HAVE A PACEMAKER, MR. TARICANI, I DON'T
6	KNOW WHAT KIND OF A PROBLEM THAT CREATES WITH THE
7	ELECTRONIC MONITORING, BUT I'M SURE IT CAN BE WORKED
8	OUT. MR. WEINER WILL WORK WITH YOU.
9	MR. TARICANI, IT WAS BROUGHT TO MY ATTENTION
10	THAT I NEGLECTED TO INFORM YOU THAT YOU HAVE A RIGHT TO
11	APPEAL YOUR CONVICTION AND YOUR SENTENCE. IF YOU DO
12	WISH TO APPEAL, YOU MUST FILE YOUR NOTICE OF APPEAL
13	WITHIN TEN DAYS.
14	COURT WILL BE IN RECESS.
15	(ADJOURNED 4: 45 P. M.)
16	

$C\ E\ R\ T\ I\ F\ I\ C\ A\ T\ I\ O\ N$

I, ANGELA M GALLOGLY, RPR-FCRR, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING PAGES ARE A TRUE AND ACCURATE TRANSCRIPTION OF MY STENOGRAPHIC NOTES IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED CASE.

$\ \, ANGELA \ \, M \quad GALLOGLY, \quad RPR\text{-} FCRR \\$

DATE